

Product Name: 12V100A Lithium Battery Management System

Product Model: 12100-1203-1CA

Configuration	Parameter		
Single voltage platform	3.2V		
PCS	4S		
Capacity	100AH		
External switch	N/A		
Current limiting	N/A		
LCD	N/A		
Storage	ON		
Heating	ON		
Precharge	ON		
Communication	RS485、CAN		

Signature and seal of supplier			Signature and seal of client		
Executed By	Wang Jixin	Checked By	Wei Qi	Approved By	Huang Bin
Date Date				Date	

Version	Date	Editor	Version Revision Note
V1.0	2022.11.30	Wang Jixin Liang xu	Create draft
V1.1	2023.03.22	Wang Jixin	Add series and parallel specifications
V.1.2	2023.05.07	Wang Tao	Interface definition modification
V.1.3	2023.08.04	Wang Tao	Add N2 interface and LCD/SOC interface
V.1.4	2023.10.30	Zhou Jun	Modify Picture



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1, Application scope

This product is a comprehensive 4-section single pack lithium—ion battery management system with protection and recovery functions such as individual overvoltage/undervoltage, total voltage undervoltage/overvoltage, charging/discharging overcurrent, high temperature, low temperature, and short circuit. Accurate measurement of SOC during charging and discharging processes, and statistical analysis of SOH health status. Realize voltage balance during the charging process. Data communication is carried out with the host through RS485 communication, and parameter configuration and data monitoring are carried out through human—machine interaction with the upper computer software.

It can support 8 units in parallel (using dialed addresses, if automatic address allocation is used, it can support more than 8 units in parallel), and 4 units in series (with a system voltage of 48V after series connection).

Note: It is not possible to connect both in series and parallel at the same time. The baud rate of the upper computer is 9600

2. Normative citation documents

The following documents are essential for the application of this document. The date—only version of the reference file is applicable to this file. The latest version of any undated reference file (including all modifications) applies to this file.

GB/T	191	Marking of Packaging Storage and Transportation					
GB/T	2408-2008	plastic Determination of combustion properties Horizontal and					
		vertical test					
YD/T	983-2013	Electromagnetic Compatibility Limit and Measurement Method for					
		Communication Power Equipment					
GB/T	17626. 5-2008	Electromagnetic compatibility test and surge (shock) immunity test					
		for measuring technology					
GB/T	17626. 2-2006	Electromagnetic Compatibility Test and Measurement Technology					
YD/T	2344. 1—2011	Lithium iron phosphate battery pack for communications - Part 1:					
		integrated battery pack					
YD/T	2344. 2—2015	Lithium iron phosphate battery pack for communications - Part 2:					
		discrete batteries					
YD/T	1363.3	Communications Bureau (Station) Power, Air Conditioning and					
		Environmental Centralized Monitoring Management System Part					
		3:Front-end Intelligent Equipment Protocol					

YD/T 1058-2015

High Frequency Switching Power Supply System for Communication

3. Functional characteristics

3.1. Cell and battery voltage detection

Real time collection and monitoring of the voltage of four single group battery cells to achieve overvoltage and undervoltage alarm and protection of battery cells. The detection accuracy of individual voltage is $\leq \pm 20$ mV under conditions of $-20^{\circ}70$ °C, and the detection accuracy of PACK voltage is $\leq \pm 0.5\%$ under conditions of $-20^{\circ}55$ °C.

Alarm and protection parameter settings can be changed through the upper computer.

3.2. Cell, environment, and power temperature detection

Through NTC, the temperature detection accuracy of 2 cell temperatures, 1 ambient temperature, and 1 power temperature is $\leq \pm 2$ °C under the condition of $-20^{\circ}70$ °C.

Alarm and protection parameter settings can be changed through the upper computer.

3.3. Battery charging and discharging current detection

By connecting the current detection resistor in the main charging and discharging circuit, the charging and discharging current of the battery pack is collected and monitored in real-time to achieve charging and discharging current alarm and protection. The current accuracy is within $-20^{\circ}70$ °C, with an error of $\leq \pm$ 2% below 10A and $\leq \pm$ 1% above 10A.

Alarm and protection parameter settings can be changed through the upper computer.

3.4. Short circuit protection function

Has the function of detecting and protecting the output short circuit.

3.5. Battery capacity and cycle times

Real-time calculation of battery residual capacity, complete the learning of total charging and discharging capacity at one time, SOC estimation accuracy is better than $\pm 5\%$. It has the function of counting the number of charge and discharge cycles. When the accumulative discharge capacity of the battery pack reaches 80% of the set full capacity, the number of cycles will increase once.

Alarm, protection parameter setting can be changed by the upper computer.

3.6. Charge, Discharge MOSFET switch

Low internal resistance, high current, high capacitance for backup power applications load startup, zero switching, double charging voltage optimization design.

3.7. Balance of intelligent single cell

Unbalanced cells can be balanced when charging or standby, which can effectively improve the service time and cycle life of the battery.

Equalizing open voltage and equalizing differential voltage can be set by upper computer.

3.8, Dormant function

BMS has manual and automatic sleep functions;

Automatic sleep function: The battery will automatically sleep for 48 hours when there is no external charging or discharging. When the battery pack is over-discharged, the communication is maintained for 1 minute, and the BMS enters the dormant state.

Remote sleep function: When using the upper computer and communication is normal, click the "shutdown" button to enter sleep without a charger connected for charging.

Button shutdown function: When working, turn off the button switch, execute shutdown without charging, and there is no communication activation function after shutdown.

The standby and hibernation can be set through the host computer.

3.9 RS485 communication interface

PC or intelligent front-end can achieve battery data monitoring, operation control, and parameter setting through RS485 communication telemetry, remote signaling, remote adjustment, remote control, and other commands.

3.10, Historical data records are stored and read

Historical data is stored based on the state transition of the BMS; Real time storage of measurement data for various alarms, protection triggers, and elimination; The storage of measurement data for a certain period of time can be achieved by setting the recording start time, recording end time, and recording interval time. At present, it can store no less than 500 historical data records, which can be read from the upper computer and saved as an Excel file to the computer.

3.11 Battery Management Parameters

Various battery management parameters such as individual battery overvoltage/undervoltage, total battery voltage overvoltage/undervoltage, charging/discharging overcurrent, cell high/low temperature, environmental high/low temperature, balancing strategy, battery capacity, etc. can be reset through the upper computer.

3.12, Battery management functions

Voltage related functions, temperature related functions, current related functions (Note: The output short-circuit function does not support the shutdown setting), capacity related functions can be turned on or off through the upper computer setting.

3.13 Precharge function

The pre charging function can be activated immediately upon startup or when the discharge tube is turned on. The pre charging time can be set (1s to 7s) to cope with various capacitive load scenarios and avoid BMS output short circuit protection.

3.14 Upper computer

The upper computer uses BatteryMonitor V2.1.8 or higher, which can switch between Chinese and English (loading the English protocol when switching between English), and



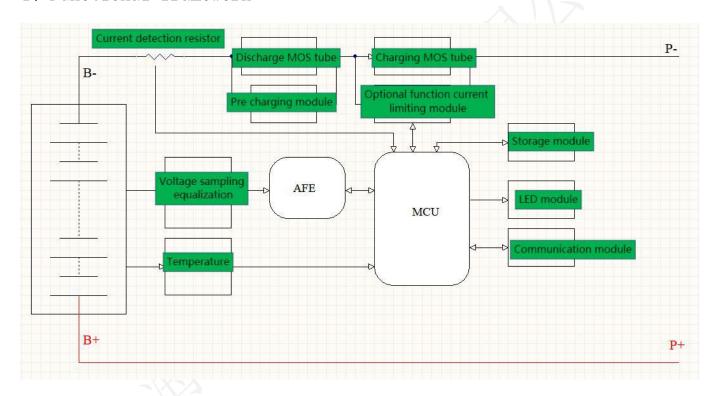
load the protocol (Chinese file name: 1201-04S-V13_ADDR, English protocol name: 1201-04S-V13 ADDR-EN). Please refer to the operating instructions in the upper computer file for instructions.

3.15. Program upgrades

The main program version can be upgraded through firmware updates in the upper computer software.

The upper computer is connected to the BMS through RS485.

4. Functional framework



5, Electrical characteristics

Project	Min	Max	Type	Unit
Normal operating voltage	8	15	12.8	V
Normal charging voltage			11.5	V
Operating temperature range	-20	70	25	${\mathbb C}$
Storage temperature	-40	85	25	$^{\circ}$
Use environment humidity	10	85	/	%
Continuous charging current	/	110	100	A
Continuous discharge current	/	110	100	A
Discharge output resistance	<2		mΩ	
Normal operating power		≤50		

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Dormancy power consumption	1	0	uA

6. Basic parameters

6.1. Basic parameter settings

Function name	Function	Item list	Set value	Setting range	
	settings				
		Single voltage alarm	3500mV	Can be set	
Single voltage alarm	Close	High voltage recovery of monomer	3400mV	Can be set	
		Single low voltage alarm	2900mV	Can be set	
	Open	Low voltage recovery of monomer	3100mV	Can be set	
			V-3/1		
		Monomer voltage protection	3650mV	Can be set	
Monomer		Recovery of monomeric overvoltage	3400mV	Can be set	
overvoltage protection	Open	Overvoltage recovery conditions	1.monomer voltage drop overvoltage recover point 2.residual capacity below intermittent recharcapacity 96% Note: Two conditions must be met to recover like the lattery has a discharge drop overvoltage recover point.		
	1/2		current>3A		
		Under voltage protection voltage	2800mV	Can be set	
Monomer undervoltage protection	Open U	Under voltage recovery voltage	3100mV	Can be set	
<u>-</u>		Single under voltage shutdown	Shut down after undervoltage protection a maintain 1 minute communication		

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		Under voltage recovery conditions	Charging curr	ent detected ≥1 A
	Close	Total voltage high voltage alarm	14.0V	Can be set
		Total voltage recovery	13.5V	Can be set
Battery total voltage alarm Open		Total voltage Low voltage Alarm	11.8V	Can be set
	<mark>Open</mark>	Total voltage and low voltage recovery	12.5V	Can be set
		Total voltage overvoltage protection	14.5V	Can be set
Total voltage		Total voltage relief	13.5V	Can be set
overvoltage protection	Open	Overvoltage recovery conditions	1.monomer voltage drop overvoltage recover point 2.residual capacity below intermittent recha capacity 96% Note: Two conditions must be met to recove Discharging current detected ≥3 A	
			1	I
		Total voltage undervoltage protection	11.4V	Can be set
Total voltage	undervo	Total undervoltage recovery	12.5V	Can be set
undervoltage protection	Open	Total undervoltage shutdown		fter undervoltage protection an nute communication
		Undervoltage recovery conditions	Charging current detected ≥1A	

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		Charge High Temperature Alarm	50°C	Can be set
		Charging High Temperature Recovery	47°C	Can be set
		Overcharge protection	60°C	Can be set
Cell		Overcharge recovery	50°C	Can be set
temperature forbidden to charge	Open	Charge Low Temperature Alarm	2°C	Can be set
		Low temperature charging recovery	5°C	Can be set
		Undercharge protection	-10°C	Can be set
		Recovery of undercharging	0°C	Can be set
			X	
		High Temperature Discharge Alarm	52°C	Can be set
Q.11		High temperature discharge recovery	47°C	Can be set
Cell temperature forbidden to discharge	Open	Discharge overtemperat ure protection	60°C	Can be set
		Discharge overtemperat ure recovery	50°C	Can be set
		Low temperature discharge alarm	-10°C	Can be set



	Low temperature discharge recovery	3°C	Can be set
	Discharge undertemperatu re protection	-20°C	Can be set
	Discharge undertemperatu re recovery	-10°C	Can be set
	Environmental High Temperature Alarm	50°C	Can be set
	Environmental High Temperature Recovery	47°C	Can be set
	Environmental Over-temperatu re Protection	60°C	Can be set
Environmental	Environmental Overheating Recovery	55℃	Can be set
temperature protection Open	Environmental Low Temperature Warning	-10°C	Can be set
	Environmental Low Temperature Recovery	3℃	Can be set
	Environmental under-temperat ure protection	-20℃	Can be set
	Environmental undertemperatu re recovery	-10℃	Can be set



		Power High Temperature Alarm	80°C		Can be set
Power temperature	Open	Power High Temperature Recovery	75°C		Can be set
protection		Overpower protection	100°C		Can be set
		Power overtemperatur e recovery	85°C		Can be set
Charging		Charging overcurrent alarm	80A		Can be set
Current Limit	Open	Charging overcurrent recovery	77A		Can be set
		I			
		Charging Overcurrent Protection	100A		Can be set
Charging Overcurrent Protection	Open	Charge Overcurrent Delay	10S		Can be set
		Overcurrent recovery conditions	Discharge automatically	recovered after 60 S	immediately or
Effective	Chausa	:		200	- A
charging current		Exit Current	300mA 250mA		
Current					
Discharge		Discharge Overflow Warning	-105A		Can be set
overcurrent alarm	<mark>Open</mark>	Discharge overcurrent recovery	-103A		Can be set
Discharge overcurrent protection	Open	Discharge over-current protection	-110A		Can be set



		Discharge Overcurrent Delay	10S	Can be set
		Overcurrent recovery conditions	Charge immed	iately, or after 60 S
		Transient Overcurrent Protection	-200A	Can be set
	Open	Transient Overcurrent Delay	100mS	Can be set
Transient overcurrent		Transient Overcurrent Recovery	Charge immediately, or after 60 S automatically	
protection	Close	Transient Overcurrent Lock	Continuous secondary overcurrent, exceeding the number of overcurrent locks	
		Overcurrent locking times	5 times	
		Transient lockout	Connect charge	er
	Open (Close setting is currently	Short circuit protection current and delay	Write program (Note: Cannot be set)
Short Circuit	not supported	Recovery of short circuit protection	Charge immediately, or after 60 S automatically	
Protection		Short circuit protection lock	Continuous out lock times	put short circuit, over-current
	Open	Short circuit locking times	5 times	
		Short circuit lock release	Connect charge	er
Effective	Discharg	ge into current		-200mA
discharge current	Discharge withdrawal current			-150mA



		Standby balance	Uncharged/o	discharge state open equilibrium
	<mark>Open</mark>	Standby equalization time	10hour	Can be set
	Open	Charge Balance	Open equa	alization in charging state and floating state
		Balanced on voltage	3400mV	
	On voltage	Equilibrium Open voltage	30mV	Can be set
Cell equalization function	condition	Equilibrium end differential voltage	20mV	
		Equilibrium temperature limits	Close the temperature range evenly according to the (ambient alarm temperature)	
	Open	Equilibrium High Temperature Ban	50℃	Can be set
		Equilibrium cryogenic prohibition	0°C	
Cell failure		Failure voltage Differential	500mV	Contract
alarm	Open	Core recovery voltage differential	300mV	Can be set
	_		100.4	T
	Battery rated capacity Battery residual capacity		100Ah Estimation	5Ah~300Ah
Battery capacity setting			of core voltage	Can be set
	Accumulate	ed cycle capacity	80%	Number of cycles (Set)
	Open Residual capacity alarm			15%
	Close	Residual capacity protection	5%	Turn off output

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	Precharge function	2000ms	0~5000ms	BMS boot up precharge function
	BMS Power	Open	Maximum	48h (The charger is not present and there is no
	Management	Орсп	standby time	effective discharge current)
	Charaina	Charging		When the charger is above 18V, BMS
	Charging high-voltage	high-volta	18V	protection stops charging. For charging
		ge	10 V	recovery below 18V (note: parameters cannot
protection		protection		be set)

6.2. Basic mode of work

6.2.1 Charging mode

BMS enters charging mode when it detects that the charger is connected and the external charging voltage is greater than 11.5V, and the charging current reaches the effective charging current.

6.2.2 Discharge mode

BMS enters discharge mode when it detects a load connection and the discharge current reaches the effective discharge current.

6.2.3 Standby mode

When neither of the above two modes is met, enter standby mode.

6.2.4 Shutdown mode

Normal standby for 48 hours, battery triggered undervoltage protection, button switch shutdown, BMS enters shutdown mode.

Wake up conditions for shutdown mode: 1. Charging activation; 2. Button activation; 3. 485 communication activation.

7. Functional description

7.1. Standby state

After the BMS is properly connected and powered on, without overvoltage, undervoltage, overcurrent, short circuit, over temperature, under temperature or other protective states, press the button to turn on the BMS, and it will be in standby mode.

In BMS standby mode, the running light flashes and the battery can be charged and discharged.

7. 2. Over-protection and rehabilitation

7.2.1. Monomer overcharge protection and recovery

If any section of the battery core is higher than the set value of the monomer overcharge protection, the BMS enters the overcharge protection state, and the charging equipment can not charge the battery.

After the monomer overvoltage protection, when the maximum monomer voltage drops below the monomer overcharge recovery value and the SOC is below 96%, the overcharge protection state is relieved. can also discharge release.

7.2.2. Total voltage overcharge protection and recovery

If the battery voltage is higher than the set value of the total voltage overcharge protection, the BMS enters the overcharge protection state, and the charging equipment can not charge the battery. If the total voltage drops below the recovery value and SOC below 96%, the overcharge protection is relieved. It can also be released Except.

7.3, Protection and rehabilitation

7.3.1, Protection and restoration of monomers

If any section of the battery core is lower than the set value of the monomer over-discharge protection, the BMS enters the over-discharge protection state, and the load can not discharge the battery. Hold 1 minute communication after BMS shutdown.

After over-discharge protection occurs, charging the battery pack can release the over-discharge protection state. or press the reset button, BMS will boot to re-detect whether the battery pack voltage reaches the recovery value.

7.3.2. Total voltage protection and recovery

When the battery voltage is lower than the total voltage over-discharge protection set value, the BMS enters the over-discharge protection state, and the load can not discharge the battery. Hold 1 minute communication after BMS shutdown.

After over-discharge protection occurs, charging the battery pack can release the over-discharge protection state. or press the reset button, BMS will boot to redetect whether the battery pack voltage reaches the recovery value.

7.4. Charging overcurrent protection and recovery

Charging overcurrent protection can be triggered when there is no charging current limiting function, when the charging current exceeds the charging overcurrent protection setting value and reaches the delay time. BMS access charging overcurrent protection, charging equipment can not charge the battery.

After charging overcurrent protection occurs, the BMS automatically delays recovery and re-detects the external charger current. discharge can also remove the charging overcurrent protection.

7.5. Discharge overcurrent protection and recovery

When the discharge current exceeds the discharge overcurrent protection setting value and reaches the delay time. BMS into the discharge overcurrent protection, the load can not charge the battery.

After the discharge overcurrent protection occurs, the BMS automatically delays recovery and re-detects the external load current. charging can also release the discharge overcurrent protection.

Discharge over-current protection has two-stage protection to achieve transient over-current protection and discharge over-current protection recovery. Transient protection occurs when the number of times the condition will be locked, recovery must be turned off in the boot or charge release.

7.6. Temperature protection and recovery

BMS there are 4 temperature detection ports, the implementation of monitoring temperature changes to achieve protection measures.

7.6.1, Charge/discharge high temperature protection and recovery

When charging and discharging state, 2 cell NTC arbitrarily one higher than the high temperature protection set value, BMS into the high temperature protection. BMS stop charging or discharging.

If the temperature of the core is lower than the high temperature recovery value, the charge or discharge BMS resume.

7.6.2. Charge/discharge low temperature protection and recovery

When charging and discharging state, 2 cell NTC randomly one lower than the low temperature protection set value, BMS into the low temperature protection. BMS stop charging or discharging.

If the core temperature is higher than the low temperature recovery value, the charge or discharge BMS resume.

7.6.3 Ambient temperature protection, power temperature protection

When the NTC detects that the ambient temperature is higher than the ambient high temperature setting value, the BMS enters the ambient high temperature protection. The BMS stops charging and discharging.

When NTC detects that the power temperature is higher than the power protection setting value, the BMS enters the power high temperature protection. The BMS stops charging and discharging.

7.7. Balanced function

BMS should have standby and charge equalization function, the system adopts energy consumption type equalization circuit, the equalization open voltage software adjustable, the equalization open condition any section is higher than the equalization open voltage and the voltage difference reaches the condition together.

When stop charging or the core voltage difference is less than the set value.

7.8. Turn on and off

Serial	Function	Definition
number	runc cron	Delinition



1	Boot/boot	When the BMS is in a sleep state, the restart button switch will activate the BMS
2	Shutdown / Sleep	When the BMS is in standby or discharge mode, turn off the button switch and the BMS will be hibernated. After hibernation, the BMS will have no power consumption.

7.9. Storage functions

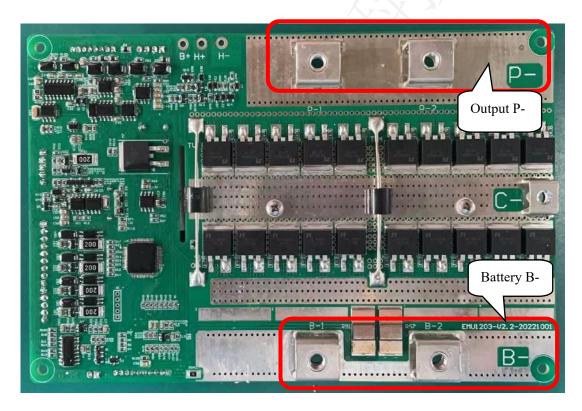
Storage content includes: protection and alarm and its category, protection and alarm recovery time, single battery voltage, total battery voltage, charge/discharge capacity, charge/discharge current, temperature, etc.

It records in year/month/day/hour/minute/second, and can also be set to record the information content within a certain period of time.

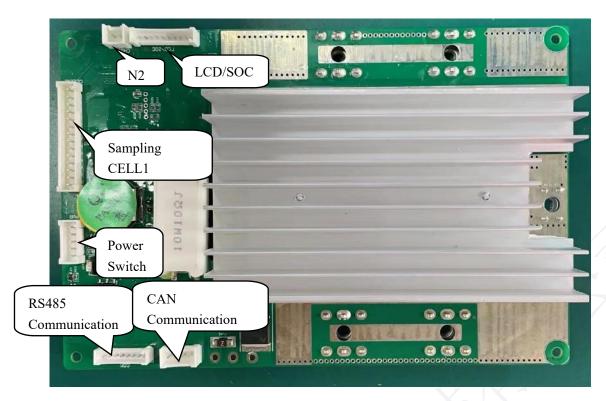
The amount of information storage is not less than 500.

The historical data can be read through the host computer and saved as an excel file to the computer.

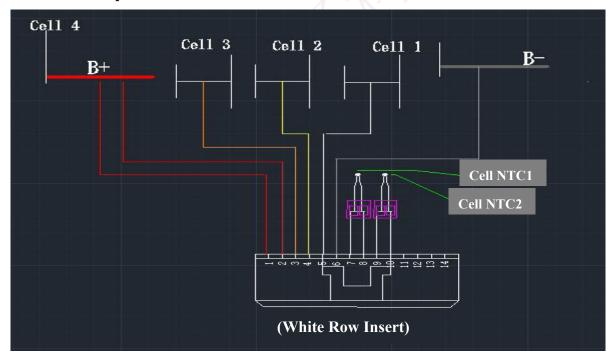
8. Reference diagram and connection instructions





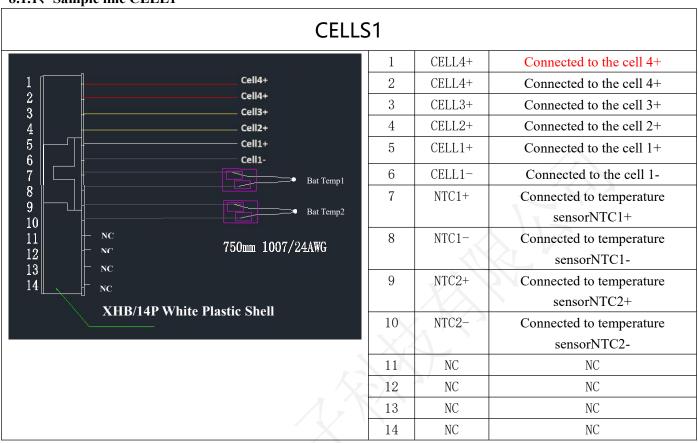


Note: There may be some differences between the actual product and the physical image of the above products

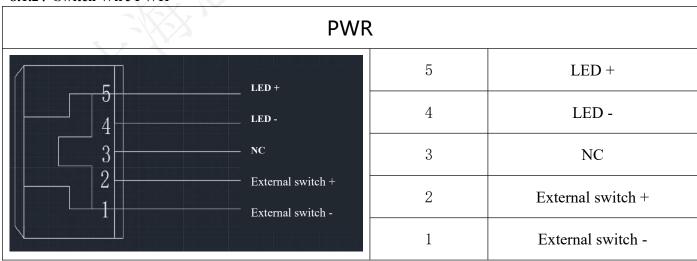


8.1. Pin Definition

8.1.1. Sample line CELL1



8.1.2, Switch Wire PWR



8.1.3, RS485 Communication

COM		
	1	GND
HX20020 8P White Plastic Shell	2	RS485/B
GND Black 750mm	3	RS485/A
1 RS485 B White 750mm	4	5V+
2 RS485 A Yellow 750mm 5V + Red 750mm	5	RS232/RX
4 5	6	RS123/TX
7 GND Black 750mm	7	GND
8 GND Black 750mm	8	GND

8.1.4, LCD/SOC Indicator Light

	LCD/SOC		
	HX20020 10P White Plastic Shell	1	NTCD Dialing address
Į.		2	MUX7 Dialing input
1	NTCD Dialing address	3	SOC Transferring data
2 3	MUX7 Dialing input SOC Transferring data	4	SOC Data Latching
3 -	SOC Data Latching	5	SOC Clock
5	SOC Clock	6	3.3V Power
$\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$	3.3V Power LTXD Screen Send	7	LTXD Screen Send
8	LRXT Screen Receive	8	LRXT Screen Receive
9	GND GND	9	GND
10		10	GND

8.1.5, N2 interface

Pin	Definition	Note
	Description	
1	GND	
2	CHG	Current limiting plate
		pulse signal

8.2. Power on/off sequence

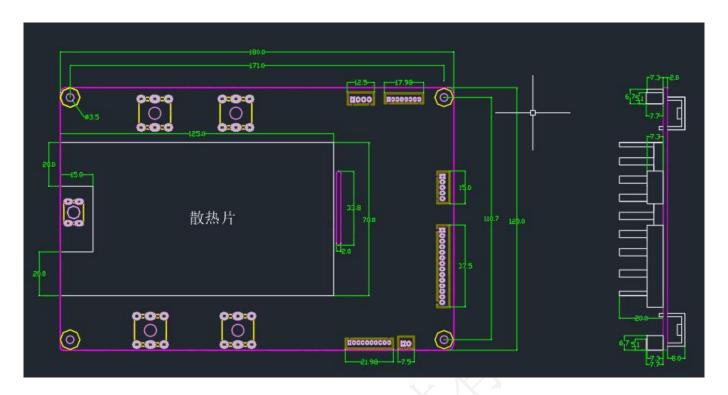
- 1. Power on in the following order: first connect the motherboard B -, then connect the flat cables CELLSAMP and CELLS1, and finally connect P+and P to the charger or load (note: the motherboard is in a shutdown state after connecting the wires, and closing the external switch or charging can also activate the BMS).
- 2. The power down sequence is completely opposite: first disconnect the charger or load (note: disconnect the external switch to shut down), then sequentially disconnect CELLSAMP, CELLS1, and finally disconnect B -.
 - 3. Input output

When charging: The positive pole of the charger is connected to the total positive pole of the battery pack, and the negative pole of the charger is connected to the "P-" of the protection board.

When discharging: the positive pole of the load is connected to the total positive pole of the battery pack, and the negative pole of the load is connected to the $^{\prime\prime}P$ - $^{\prime\prime}$ of the protective plate.

9. Dimension





10, Communication instructions

10.1, RS485 Communication (COM)

BMS has RS485 communication for battery pack integration, with a baud rate of 9600bps. The RS485 communication interface adopts an 8PIN connector.

Note: When used for automatic address allocation, an RS485 expansion card needs to be configured. At this time, the host only connects to the 485B port (RS232 output), the slave RS485A port (RS232 input) connects to the higher-level device, and the RS485B port (RS232 output) connects to the lower level cascade device.

Pin	Definition Description
1	GND
2	RS485-B
3	RS485-A
4	RS485-5V
5	RS232-RX
6	RS232-TX
7	RS232-GND
8	RS232-GND

10.2 CAN communication

BMS has a CAN communication function for uploading battery packs, with a baud rate of 500K. The CAN communication interface adopts a 4PIN connector. Communication with inverters or CAN TEST can be achieved through the CAN interface. When the battery pack is connected, it is connected through RS485 communication, and finally, the battery pack data, status, and information are uploaded to PCS through CAN communication.

Pin	Definition Description
1	GND
2	CAN-H
3	CAN-L
4	5V

11. Points for attention

- Battery management systems can not be used in series.
- ❖ BMS power components with stand voltage 100 V.
- ❖ If the battery module is assembled in the form of long wire and long copper bar, it must communicate with the BMS manufacturer for impedance compensation. Otherwise, it will affect the consistency of the cell.
- The external switch on BMS is prohibited to connect with other equipment. If necessary, please confirm with the technology for docking. Otherwise, BMS will not bear any responsibility for damage.
- ❖ Do not touch the surface of the core directly when assembling, so as not to damage the core. The assembly should be firm and reliable.
- ❖ In use pay attention to lead wire head, soldering iron, solder and so on do not touch the components on the circuit board, otherwise it may damage the circuit board.
- Use process should pay attention to anti-static, moisture-proof, waterproof and so on.
- Please follow the design parameters and use conditions during use, must not exceed the value in this specification, otherwise it may damage the protection board.
- ❖ After combining the battery pack and the protection plate, if you find no voltage output or charge, please check the wiring is correct.
- The final interpretation right is owned by our company.